

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please delete all claims and insert the following claims:

23. (New) A method executed in a receiver for maximum a posteriori (MAP) decoding of an input information sequence, \mathbf{X} , that includes a step of receiving a signal, forming a received sequence \mathbf{Y} , decoding the received sequence, and outputting a decoded result, where the decoding is characterized by:

iteratively maximizing an auxiliary function that includes a product of elements $p_{ij}(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y})$ of a probability distribution matrix $\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y})$.

24. (New) The method of claim 23 where the input information signal travels through a channel represented by a Hidden Markov Model (HMM) to reach said receiver, and said auxiliary function is proportionally related to $\prod_{t=1}^T p_{i \rightarrow j, t}(X_t, Y_t)$ where

$p_{ij}(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y}) = \Pr(j, \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y} \mid i)$, are conditional probability density functions of an information element X of information sequence \mathbf{X} that corresponds to a received element Y of sequence \mathbf{Y} after the HMM transfers from a state i to a state j

25. (Currently Amended) A memory containing an instruction module that, when executed in a processor on a received sequence of information, performs process steps that effect maximum a posteriori (MAP) decoding of the received sequence to identify a sent sequence, which process steps comprise:

iteratively generating a sequence of one or more decode results starting with an initial decode result; and

outputting one of adjacent decode results as a decode of the input information sequence if the adjacent decode results are within a compare threshold, wherein the step of iteratively generating comprises:

- a. generating the initial decode result as a first decode result;
- b. generating a second decode result based on the first decode result and a model of the channel;
- c. comparing the first and second decode results;
- d. replacing the first decode result with the second decode result; and

e. repeating b-d if the first and second decode results are not within the compare threshold.